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| **Week** | **Theme**  | **Hour** | **Point** |
| **1** | **Lecture 1. The Geographical Position of Great Britain** | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 1.** English – one of languages of the international communication. Island Great Britain. Northern Ireland. Concepts Great Britain, England, United Kingdom of Great Britain and NorthernIreland. Area of the Kingdom. | 2 | 4 |
|  | **SIWT1.** Hebrides, Shetland, Orkney and other islands. Concepts Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland. |  | 6 |
|  **2** | **Lecture 2**. The main stages in the formation of the British nation and the education of the British national state. | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 2. Ancient monuments****Stonehenge, Avebury. The Celts. The conquest of Britain by the Romans, their heritage.****The Anglo-Saxon conquests of Britain. Struggle with the Danes** | 2 | 4 |
|  | **SIWT 2. The Great Alfred.****The Norman invasion and the subsequent development of England. The Conquest of Wales.****England and Scotland. Gradual conquest of Ireland.** |  | 6 |
|  **3** | **Lecture 3.** The state and political structure of Great Britain | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 3** Great Britain is a constitutional monarchy. Royal power and its role in modern Britain. Parliament is the supreme legislative body of the country. The House of Commons, its structure and rights. The House of Lords, its rights and significance. | 2 | 4 |
|  | **SIWT 3.** Britain is a member of the European Union, problems of relationships. Commonwealth of Nations at the present stage, the role of Great Britain in the development of the Commonwealth. |  | 6 |
| **4** | **Lecture 4. Economy of Great Britain** | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 4.** Agriculture and its importance for the country's economy. Characteristics of the main forms of land use. Leading industries and their location. | 2 | 4 |
|  | **SIWT 4**. Transport. Characteristics of the main modes of transport Trends in their development, the role of the Eurotunnel in the development of ties with Western Europe. |  | 6 |
| **5** | **Lecture 5.** Actual problems of public education in Great Britain. The system of higher education. Universities and university colleges. The main types of universities: the oldest universities (Oxford and Cambridge), Scottish universities | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 5.** Fundamentals of modern education. The role of the Ministry of Education. Main trends in the development of the education system. State and "independent", orprivate schools. Church schools. | 2 | 4 |
|  | **SIWT 5.** Primary education, its degrees. Types of secondary schools and their characteristics. Preservation of elite "public schools". |  | 6 |
| 6 | **Lecture 6. Culture of Great Britain** | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 6.** The national character of the British and the mentality. The national character of Canadians. National character of Australians. | 2 | 4 |
|  | **SIWT 6.** Sports in the life of the British. National kinds of sports. |  | 6 |
| **7** | **Lecture 7.** National values and their manifestation in the process of intercultural communication | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 7. Ethnographic realities of Britain (dwellings, musical instruments)** | 2 | 4 |
|  | **SIWT 7.**  Ethnographic realities of Britain (food, drinks, households) |  | 6 |
|  | **Test № 1** |  | **30** |
|  | **Midterm control: Written Test** | 100 | **100** |
|  | **Total 1 MC** | 200 | **200** |
|  **8** | **Lecture 8. СОЕДИНЕННЫЕ ШТАТЫ АМЕРИКИ** | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 8. Characterization of borders and geographical location. Relief and its features. Climatic conditions.** | 2 | 2 |
|  | **SIWT 8.** Laurence Sterne’s life and creativity. |  | 6 |
| **9** | **Lecture 9.** Historical features of education and development in the USA | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 9. The discovery by North America of the Normans (10th century) and Christopher Columbus (1492). John Kebot's swimming. The accession of American lands to Great Britain. French and Dutch colonies.** | 2 | 4 |
|  | **SIWT 9.** Thomas Jefferson and the Declarationindependence. The significance of the victory of the American people in the war of liberation. George Washington is the first president of the United States. Features of the development of the new state. |  | 6 |
|  **10** | **Lecture 10. The development of the United States in the XIX century, the emergence of modern US** | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 10. Features of the formation of the American nation. Immigration at various stages of the development of the United States. Main characteristics of population growth. Ethnic composition and its change after the Second World War. The social situation of ethnic groups: African Americans, Indians, citizens of Latin American and Asian descent.** | 2 | 4 |
|  | **SIWT 10.** Urban and rural population. Urbanization, the formation of large urban agglomerations and megacities. Professional composition, the structure of employment in modern conditions. |  | 6 |
| **11** | **Lecture 11.** The state and political system of the United States. | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 11.** The US Constitution, its features. Bill of rights. Amendments to the constitution, their significance. Characteristic of the main corrections. The organizational independence of the three "branches" of state power: legislative, executive, judicial. Legislature. USA congress. Structure, functions and rights of the House of Representatives and the Senate. Committees of the Congress. Congressional officials: Speaker of the House of Representatives,chairman of the senate. Passage of legislative proposals in Congress. Lobby and their role. | 2 | 2 |
|  | **SIWT11.** Executive power. President of the United States, Vice President. Their rights and duties. Administration of the President, a system of ministries and departments. Electoral system. The procedure for electing the president. |  | 6 |
| **12** | **Lecture 12**. **The US economy** | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 12 High technical level of agriculture, its structure, organization, farmer relations, geography of agricultural areas and specialization.** | 2 | 2 |
|  | **SIWT 12.** External economic relations. Foreign trade balance. The main directions of foreign economic relations; European Union, Japan, China, third world countries, post-Soviet states. |  | 6 |
|  **13** | **Lecture 13. Actual problems of the development of the education system** | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 13**. Organization of education in the US, management of it. Primary and secondary education. Higher education. | 2 | 2 |
|  | **SIWT13**. The oldest private universities (Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Cornell,  Stanford and others). Training of teachers in pedagogical colleges and in pedagogical faculties at universities, Socialthe position of the teacher. The role of universities as the main centers of higher education and research. Student life. The role of sport in a student environment. Payment system fortraining in American universities. |  | 6 |
|  **14** | **Lecture 14*.* The culture of USA** | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 14.** **The source of the culture of the United States. Indian heritage, the contribution of the Negro people and African Americans, Europeans, Hispanic, immigrants from Asia.****National features of Americans. Valuable benchmarks. Heroes of America. Traditions and customs. Characteristic features of life and life. American way of life. National holidays.** | 2 | 2 |
|  | **SIWT 14.** Hollywood and its role, the largest American filmmakers and film actors. |  | 6 |
|  **15** | **Lecture 15. National values benchmarks. Intercultural communication.** | 1 | 0 |
|  | **Seminar 15. The national character of Americans. National character of Australians.** | 2 | 4 |
|  | **SIWT 15.** **Realities related to the kitchen of the USA, Canada, Australia**. |  | 6 |
|  | **Test № 1** |  | **30** |
|  | **Midterm control: Written Test** | 100 | **100** |
|  | **Total 1 MC** | 200 | **200** |
|  | **TOTAL MC1+MC2+midterm control + examination** |  | **400** |